Briefing on Operation Phakisa

Presentation to the Parliamentary Portfolio Committee of Trade and Industry 18 August 2015

Mr Lionel October Director – General





Outline

- Background
- Governance Structure
- Selected implementation highlights
- Vision and challenges
- MTM initiatives and progress
- Oil and Gas initiatives and progress
- Aquaculture initiatives and progress
- Conclusion



Background

- Operation Phakisa was implemented by the Presidency. It is based "Big Fast Results" methodology utilised by other governments including the Malaysian Government.
- Over 6 weeks stakeholders from the private and public sector gathered to develop and plan "fast-track" integrated programmes designed to "unlock" growth and "delivery" in the "oœans or blue economy".
- Four focus areas:

□Oil and Gas Exploration (OG),

□ Marine Transport and Manufacturing (MTM),

□Aquaculture, and

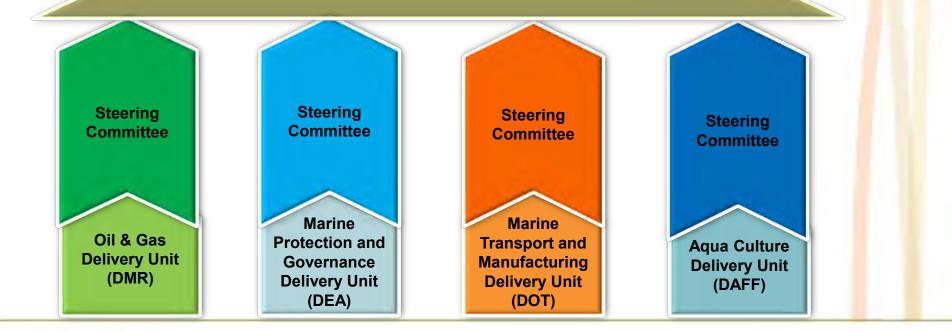
□ Maritime Protection and Governance

• 3 feet plans" and their associated Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) were developed for each.



Phakisa Governance Structure

Operation Phakisa Executive Issue Resolution Committee





the dti

Selected Operation Phakisa highlights

- Cabinet approved issuing to Transnet Port Terminals (TPT) of a permanent operating licence to operate the manganese container terminal at the Port of Ngqura
- Significant economic opportunities arising out of this development include:
 - Upgrading of rail network (R2.3 bn) from Northern Cape to Port of Ngqura to support axle loads of 26t
 - Knock-on effects along the rail infrastructure value chain with significant opportunities for localisation e.g signalling systems
 - The relocation of manganese operations from the Port of Saldanha would open opportunities for the Offshore oil and gas activities such as rig repair and maintenance
 - There is an opportunity to capture the lucrative repair market by extending and expanding our port capabilities to service current and future vessels in East and West Africa.



Selected Operation Phakisa highlights

- Opportunities for local shipbuilding industry have arisen as a result of tenders issued by Armscor for a new hydrographic vessel under Project Hotel and six new offshore and inshore patrol vessels under Project Biro.
- The acquisition of the six IPVs/OPVs by the Navy is a major boost to the local shipbuilding industry as 60% local content is required
- Projected spend over the next 3- 4 years is approximately R6.6 billion
- Opportunity to deepen component manufacturing and rebuild domestic capabilities



Vision and challenges for MTM

- The MTM lab set an ambitious vision for the MTM sector of increasing, by 2019:
 - Contribution to GDP ~~ R14-23 bn
 - Total jobs created~~ 40-50,000
 - Increase market share of SA companies ~~30%
- The Marine Phakisa identified that the MTM industry faces significant domestic challenges to growth, including:
 - Obsolete, inadequate and expensive infrastructure to support industrial/manufacturing combined with serious operational deficiencies in SA ports. Arises in main from serious failure to invest in supportive infrastructure investment by TNPA/Transnet
 - Inadequate artisanal and professional skills.
 - Limited support for market growth from public procurement.
 - Limited support for a national ship registry or "flagging" of SA the dtiships.

Department: Trade and Industry REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Marine Transport and Manufacturing Lab

- The MTM lab developed 18 initiatives to address these challenges and accelerate the growth of the industry by:
 - Creating a supportive policy and funding environment and fast-track priority infrastructure projects.
 - Identifying and developing the required skills through a robust classroom and workplace-based system.
 - Encouraging the establishment of a SA-flagged fleet for coastal and international shipping.
 - Developing a market by requiring local content for all public procurement and building a strong private-sector market.



Three feet (3ft) plans

Infrastructure and operations

- 1 Create supportive funding and revenue model
- Establish purpose-built oil and gas port infrastructure by appointing Facility Operators – Saldanha Bay
- Align on Implementation of government policy
- Prioritise Transnet and TNPA funding allocation towards marine manufacturing
- 5 Maintain and refurbish existing facilities
- 6 Unlock investment in new and existing port facilities
- Implement Strategic Prioritised Project – Richards Bay
- 8 Implement Strategic Prioritised Projects – East London

he dti

B) Skills and capacity building

- 9 Train 2,550 TVET College graduates on an 18-month Workplace-based Experiential Learner Programme in scarce and critical trades over the 5 year period
- Create dedicated Occupational Teams for MTM Sector (professional, trades, operators and seafarers)
- Establish trade RPL, CBMT or Centres of Specialisation in Saldanha Bay and Richards Bay
- Train 18,172 learners as artisans, semi-skilled workers and professionals over the next 5 years
- Increase usage of ESSA system and targeted career awareness services as a high value recruitment tool for MTM
- Increase capacity to develop skills for ~1,200 ratings and ~720 officers per year

C Market growth

- 15 Create and implement a public procurement and localisation programme
- Develop a strategic marketing campaign and value proposition for target markets
- Propose inclusion of preferential procurement clause in the African Maritime Charter
- Support local registry of vessels through incentives and legislation of using SA-flagged ships for cargo and coastal operations (based on United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and African Maritime Charter guidelines)



Department: Trade and Industry REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

- Transnet National Ports Authority (TNPA) and Transnet SOC Limited have adopted a Public- Private -Partnership (PPP) model to finance new Operation Phakisa infrastructure.
 - TNPA has committed R7 billion for public sector investment in domestic ports to support industrial opportunities in the ports.
- Establishment of Saldanha Bay as an oil and gas hub:
 - Total scope of initiative amounts to R9.2 billion investment (public and private).
 - 3 projects:
 - 1. Offshore Supply Base work has commenced.
 - 2. Berth 205 (rig repair facility)
 - 3. Mossgas Jetty (extension)



- Ports of Port Richards Bay, Durban, East London, Port Elizabeth, Mossel Bay, Cape Town:
 - TNPA has appointed transactional advisors for refurbishment and maintenance of port facilities. Scope and maintenance refurbishment requirements completed.
- the dti designated working vessels for local procurement (60% local content). National Treasury issued Instruction Note.
 - A R 1.4bn tender by TNPA for the procurement of tug boats was awarded to a South African company in support of local procurement
- the dti is in the process of developing a strategic marketing campaign and value proposition for investors into the MTM sector.
- Entails marketing related content to be deployed to market the country and investment opportunities in the Blue/Ocean Economy.
- DOT released Draft Maritime Transport Policy which includes work on cabotage on coastal, regional and continental waters.



Offshore Oil and Gas Exploration





The oil and gas lab has identified specific initiatives with a phased roll-out

Phase I: Initial short-term targets First results by Mar 2016

Conduct joint industry/

government emergency response drills



Operationalise IOPC fund

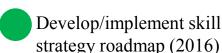
Exploiting the broader research opportunities presented by Offshore Oil and Gas Exploration

Build end-to-end institutional structure

Provide legislative clarity and stability

Phase II: Medium term First results by Mar 2019





content roadmap (2016) Develop/implement skills

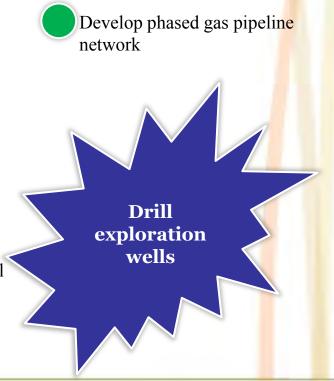
Develop/implement local

Develop capability for subsurface research and data gathering

Enhance environmental governance capacity of the Oil and Gas regulator

Promote awareness of the Oil and Gas industry

Phase III: Long term First results by Mar 2025





Department: Trade and Industry REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

IOPC - International Oil Pollution Compensation

- Delivery Unit and Steering Committee was established at DMR and is fully functional
- the dti is responsible for developing the local content road map
 - Financial analysis of SA offshore oil and gas sector procurement is completed ahead of schedule.
 - This work included the determination of product and service categories and spend (values); compilation of suppliers' database and classification of procurement (with measurement and standards criteria) in terms of domestic vs foreign value addition in final goods and services.
 - Setting of minimum targets for local production and supply awaits the finalisation of Mineral Petroleum and Resources Development Amendment Bill (MPRDA) legislative process.

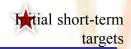


Aquaculture





Aquaculture initiatives



Selection and Implementation of 24 Projects Select and implement 24 aquaculture projects over 3 phases in order to increase the scale of the

aquaculture sector; projects comprise both new farms and the expansion of existing farms





Legislative reform

Amend legislation to harmonise the assortment of existing regulations and promote aquaculture sector growth



Inter-departmental authorisations committee

Establish a committee that will streamline and coordinate applications and approvals in the aquaculture sector



Aquaculture development fund

Establish an integrated pool of existing funds in order to finance all phases of aquaculture projects (including pre-production) and encourage new entrants to participate in the aquaculture sector



Capacity building for support services

Increase and up-skill technical resources (e.g., extension officers) available to support aquaculture sector growth



Coordinated industry-wide marketing efforts

Launch coordinated industry-wide marketing efforts to increase local consumption of aquaculture products, and encourage the growth of small-scale farmers / new entrants



Preferential Procurement

system

Partner with government institutions to procure aquaculture products, thereby increasing local consumption and improving nutritional levels in South Africa

Globally recognised monitoring and certification

Establish a recognised monitoring and certification system to

boost exports of South African aquaculture products



Regulations





Skills



Market



Department: Trade and Industry REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

the **dti**

- 10 "catalyst" projects are in progress and secured funding from Aquaculture Development Enhancement Programme (ADEP)
 - Private sector investment : R305 million
 - Government investment: R105 million
- Projected direct jobs: 2584 jobs:
 - Phase I: Projected jobs 337 (142 currently created)
 - Phase II: Projected jobs 513 (249 committed jobs)
 - Phase III: Projected jobs 1734 (130 committed jobs)
- The National Regulator for Compulsory Specifications (NRCS) has been co-opted for sampling and food safety standards.
- EIA approval obtained for Hamburg kob and oysters.
- Public Works signed off leases on 4 projects.



Conclusion

- OP is in line with the goals outlined in the National Development Plan, to promote economic growth and to boost job creation
- The Marine Phakisa concluded that the oceans have the potential to contribute up to 177 billion rand to GDP.
- Has potential to create just over one million jobs by 2033.
- South Africa is ideally positioned to serve the East-West cargo traffic lane and the booming African offshore oil and gas industry, through marine manufacturing, which includes ship and rig repair, refurbishment and boatbuilding.
- Despite this competitive advantage, we currently capture only 1% of the global market of ship repair and refurbishment.
- Efforts are made to ensure that all Operation Phakisa: Oceans Economy initiatives are prioritised and resourced accordingly.

